UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 15, 2023

89bio, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-39122 (Commission File Number) 36-4946844 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

142 Sansome Street, Second Floor San Francisco, CA 94104 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(415) 432-9270 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

D Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

	Trading	Name of each exchange		
Title of each class	Symbol(s)	on which registered		
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	ETNB	The Nasdaq Global Market		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \boxtimes

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On February 15, 2023, 89bio, Inc. (the "Company") will participate in a fireside chat and one-on-one investor meetings at the SVB Securities Global Biopharma Conference. A copy of the corporate presentation that will be referenced during the conference is filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

In the corporate presentation, the Company has updated its pro forma cash balance as of December 31, 2022.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	89bio, Inc. Corporate Presentation, dated February 2023
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

89bio, Inc.

Date: February 15, 2023

By: <u>/s/ Rohan Palekar</u> Rohan Palekar

Chief Executive Officer

89bio

Powerful Science Meaningful Medicines Changing Lives Exhibit 99.1

Nasdaq: ETNB

February 2023

Disclaimer

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, which statements are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties and are based on estimates and assumptions. Other than statements of historical facts, all statements included in this presentation are forward-looking statements, including statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, plans or intentions relating to product candidates, potential market opportunities, estimates of market size, estimates of market growth, the potential clinical benefit, effect on histology and safety and tolerability profile of pegozafermin (formerly BIO89-100), the clinical benefit, effect on histology and safety and tolerability profile of pegozafermin (formerly BIO89-100), the clinical data with potential clinical benefit in other indications, the anticipated timing, design, endpoints, and conduct of our ongoing clinical trials for pegozafermin, the timing of anticipated milestones, the timing of regulatory meetings, the timing and likelihood of success, plans and objectives of management for future operations and future results of anticipated product development efforts and our liquidity and capital resources. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "might," "will," "objective," "intend," "should," "could," "could," "expect," "believe," "design," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "plan" or the negative of these terms, and similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements expressed or implied in this presentation including those described more fully our most recent Form 10-K and Form 10-Q under the caption "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in such report and in other subsequent disclosure documents filed with the SEC.

We cannot assure you that we will realize the results, benefits or developments that we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our business in the way expected. Forward-looking statements are not historical facts, and reflect our current views with respect to future events. Given the significant uncertainties, you should evaluate all forward-looking statements made in this presentation in the context of these risks and uncertainties and not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. All forward-looking statements in this presentation apply only as of the date made and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this presentation. We disclaim any intent to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, except as required by law.

We obtained the industry, market and competitive position data used throughout this presentation from our own internal estimates and research, as well as from industry and general publications, and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties. Internal estimates are derived from publicly available information released by industry analysts and third-party sources, our internal research and our industry experience, and are based on assumptions made by us based on such data and our knowledge of the industry market, which we believe to be reasonable. In addition, while we believe the industry, market and competitive position data included in this presentation is reliable and based on reasonable assumptions, we have not independently verified any third-party information, and all such data involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors.

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Corporate Highlights

Pegozafermin – potential best-in-class cardio-metabolic drug in multiple indications

- · Validated broad mechanism of action (FGF21) with potential differentiation on efficacy, tolerability and dosing
- Diversification across two large market opportunities with substantial development and commercial synergies

Nonalcoholic Steatohepatitis (NASH) – Phase 2b topline data expected 1Q23

- Highly competitive profile with Phase 2 results demonstrating robust efficacy across multiple histological and metabolic endpoints with favorable tolerability profile
- · Well-powered study with three-panel consensus biopsy reading method to minimize variability

Severe Hypertriglyceridemia (SHTG) – Phase 3 initiation planned in 1H23

- De-risked program given positive Phase 2 data and defined path to approval based on FDA feedback
- Large market opportunity with limited competition in the refractory population

Strong cash position with experienced team

- ~\$191.3 million pro forma¹ cash as of Dec. 31, 2022 and up to \$100 million credit facility with K2 HeathVentures²
- Track record of developing and commercializing successful drugs

89bio ¹ Pro forma cash includes \$25 million drawn under the K2 HealthVentures credit facility net of \$20 million repaid under the SVB term loan facility ² \$25 million of credit facility drawn at closing; remainder subject to achievement of milestones and/or lender approval

Pegozafermin is an FGF21 Analog Optimally Engineered to Balance Efficacy and Long Dosing Interval



- Proprietary glycoPEGylation technology commercially validated with approved products
- Increases half-life of native FGF21 (<2 hours) to 55-100 hours based on single ascending dose study
- Low nanomolar potency against FGF receptors 1c, 2c, 3c, similar to native FGF21
- Composition of Matter patent expiring in 2038

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Proposed Mechanisms of Action of Pegozafermin

Adipose tissue

- Decrease lipogenesis and release of FFA
- Improve insulin resistance
- Increase TG uptake
- Increase adiponectin

Liver

- Increase β-oxidation
- Decrease de novo lipogenesis
- Decrease FFA / TG
- Muscle
 - Increase FFA oxidation



89bio Stojsavljevic-Shapeski S et al J Clin Transl Hepatol 2021;9(1):51-59



NASH is a Serious Liver Condition With Significant Co-Morbidities



COHORT 1	COHORT 2	COHORT 3	COHORT 4	COHORT 5	COHORT 6	COHORT 7	Р
Placebo (n=2)	Placebo (n=3)	Placebo (n=4)	Placebo (n=3)	Placebo (n=4)	Placebo (n=3)	27mg QW	I-WOLI
 3mg QW (n=6)	9mg QW (n=12)	18mg QW (n=11)	27mg QW (n10)	18mg Q2W (n=14)	36mg Q2W (n=9)	(n=20)	ETY FO
Cohorts 1-6			7 WEEKS		12 WEEKS	20 WEEKS	SAI
3 Liver Biopsy	MRI-PDFF COH KEY INCLU • NASH* or p	ORTS 1-6 SION CRITERIA henotypic NASH		COHOR KEY INCLUSIO • F2-F3 NASH	T 7 N CRITERIA ; NAS ≥4		
	(PNASH)# • MRI-PDFF 2 • *Patients with biopsy-proven evidence of liver injury; • Placebo (n=19) combined acro	≥10% F1-3; "Central obesity plus T2DM sss cohorts for analysis ; Randor	Mor - 19/2 hized, cons	 MRI-PDFF ≥ 0 (95%) patients completed treat ides; 1 patient discontinued treat ent 	ment and had end-of-treatmen ment due to withdrawal of	t	

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**PGZ was delivered subcutaneously

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Robust Liver Fat Reduction With High Responder Rates



	≥30% Relative Reduction in Liver Fat	≥50% Relative Reduction in Liver Fat
Cohort 4 (27mg QW)	86%	71%
Cohort 6 (36mg QW)	88%	50%
Cohort 7 (27mg QW)	100%	78%

89bio Cohort 4 and Cohort 6: MRI Analysis Set; MMRM LS Mean; p value vs placebo; Data from week 13 Cohort 7: MRI Analysis Set; p value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis; Data from week 20

Pegozafermin Significantly Reduced ALT With Greater Reduction **Observed in Patients With Elevated Baseline ALT**



Cohort 4 and 6: Pre-planned sensitivity analysis; MMRM LS Mean at week 13; *** p<0.001

8960 Cohort 7: p value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis; Data from week 20; ***p<0.001



Cohorts 1-6: PD Analysis Set in baseline ALT > 45 U/L; Pre planned sensitivity analysis; MMRM LS Mean at Week 13 Cohort 7: elevated ALT \ge 30 U/L for women and \ge 40 U/L for men; Week 20

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Clinically Meaningful Improvements in Lipids



 $89bio \quad {}_{p \text{ value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis}}$

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Clinically Meaningful Improvement on HbA1c and Adiponectin With Notable Body Weight Reduction (Cohort 7)



89bio p value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis; all data are from cohort 7

Pegozafermin Robustly Improved NAFLD Activity Score (NAS) and All Components of NAS (Cohort 7)



- 63% of patients had ≥2point improvement in NAS and no worsening of fibrosis* (primary endpoint)
- 100% of patients had improvement or no change in ballooning and inflammation

89bio *with ≥1 point improvement in ballooning or inflammation ^≥1 point change

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Clinically Meaningful Changes on Key Histological Efficacy Endpoints (Cohort 7)



THREE-PANEL READ

- NASH resolution: up to 47% (range: 26-47%)
- · Fibrosis improvement: up to 42% (range: 12-42%)
- 2-point NAS improvement: up to 79% (range: 68-79%)

Loomba et al AASLD 2022

8960 *and no worsening of fibrosis **and no worsening of NASH **** In the post-hoc exploratory analyses, a panel of three additional expert NASH pathologists assessed the same baseline (BL) and end of treatment (EOT) slides that had been evaluated by the central pathologist Slides from BL and EOT were mixed and the three-reader pathologist panel were blinded to the timepoint; they scored 6/19 patients as having F4 fibrosis at baseline (putative F4)

Pegozafermin Showed Beneficial Effects in Subset of Patients with F4 Stage Fibrosis

Parameter (Mean or %)	Putative F4 fibrosis (n=6)*	
LIVER STEATOSIS	 Fibrosis improvement >1 	
Relative liver fat reduction by MRI-PDFF (%)	- 71%	stage without worsening of
MRI-PDFF 30%/50% responders	100%/100%	NASH: 17-57%
LIVER TRANSAMINASES	NASH resolution without	
Percent change in ALT	- 51%	worsening of fibrosis: 20-50%
Percent change in AST	- 49%	
INSULIN SENSITIVITY		
Percent change in adiponectin	99%	
NON-INVASIVE MARKERS OF FIBROSIS		
Change in VCTE score (kPa)/VCTE responders***	-3.8** / 60%**	
Change in FAST score/ FAST responders***	-0.5** / 100%**	

*Patients assessed with F4 fibrosis by 2+ panel pathologists **N=5; one outlier with poor quality measurement was excluded. ***VCTE >20% reduction; FAST score s0.35. Loomba et al AASLD 2022

Pegozafermin Substantially Improved Scores Across Non-Invasive Tests (NITs) Correlated with Advanced Fibrosis



Responder Rate by Clinically Relevant Threshold [†]				
VCTE	72%			
FAST	88%			
FIB-4	58%			
Pro-C3	63%			

p value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis

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 VCTE: Liver stiffness measure using FibroScan*; FAST score: Liver stiffness (VCTE) and steatosis (CAP) using FibroScan* plus AST; 0-1 scale;

 FIB-4 score: Composite serum marker/age measure; Pro-C3: Collagen deposition serum biomarker

 VCTE: and FAST exclude one outlier with poor quality measurement

 *VCTE: >20% reduction; FAST ≤0.35; FIB-4 ≤1.3; Pro-C3 ≥15% reduction

Pegozafermin - Favorable Safety and Tolerability in NASH Study

- No treatment-related serious adverse events; only 1 treatment-related discontinuation
- Pooled pegozafermin treatment related AEs observed in ≥10% of patients were:
 - Increased appetite (13%) vs placebo (0%)
 - Diarrhea (13%) vs placebo (11%)
 - Nausea (12%) vs placebo (11%)
- Most GI AEs were mild and of short duration
- Few mild injection site reactions
- No tremor or hypersensitivity AEs reported
- No adverse effects on blood pressure or heart rate

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Comparative Profile of FGF21 Analogs in NASH

	Pegozafermin (PGZ)	Efruxifermin (EFX)			
Structure (molecular weight)	 GlycoPEGylated FGF21 (40 kDa) Structurally different from other monovalent analogs 	 Fc-fusion FGF21 (92 kDa) 			
Potency against FGF receptors 1c, 2c, 3c	 Low nanomolar potency Similar moles of FGF21 delivered with PGZ 30mg and EFX 50mg** 	• Low nanomolar potency (equivalent to monovalent FGF21 without Fc fusion)***			
Efficacy*	 Similar effects on NAS>2, non-invasive liver mail 1-point fibrosis improvement in F2/F3 population 	Similar effects on NAS>2, non-invasive liver markers, metabolic and lipid changes 1-point fibrosis improvement in F2/F3 population was similar			
Tolerability	Lower incidence of GI eventsNo tremors	Higher frequency of GI eventsTremors observed in multiple studies			
Dosing frequency	 Weekly and Every Two-Weeks 	• Weekly			
Phase 2b drug product	• Liquid	• Frozen			

* based on range including histology assessment from 3-panel read and post-hoc exploratory analyses

** not based on head-to-head comparison; calculation based on assumptions derived from molecular weights and PK properties

89bio *** Akero Therapeutics AASLD 2022 poster, Tillman et al - Efruxifermin, a bivalent Fc-FGF21 analog, demonstrates improved biophysical and pharmacological engagement with live cells compared to monovalent FGF21 analogs Note: All data regarding third-party molecules on this slide are based on third-party studies and not our own. Conclusions on this slide are not based on head-to-head results

Pegozafermin Shows Similar/Superior Effects On Non-Invasive Markers To Other NASH Drugs in Development

Devenuetev	PGZ (Week 20)	EFX (We	ek 24)	Resmetirom (Week 36)
Parameter	27mg QW	28mg QW	50mg QW	60 - 100mg QD
LIVER				
MRI-PDFF (% change)	-64%	-52%	-64%	-40%
MRI-PDFF (50% responder)	78%	63%	77%	N/A
ALT (%)	-46%	-38%	-47%	-31%
Liver stiffness by VCTE - (kPa)	-4.2	-2.6	-4.3	N/A
Pro-C3 (µg/L)	-4.3	-5.1	-5.2	-2.2
Adiponectin (%)	88%	69%*	88%*	28%
METABOLIC				
Weight (kg)	-3.7	-0.2	-2.6	-0.6
HbA1c ≥6.5% or T2DM (%)	-0.9%	-0.5%	-0.5%	0.0%
LIPIDS				
Triglycerides (%)	-26%	-25%	-29%	-15.4%
LDL-C (%)	-13%	-8%	-8%	-11.2%
Non-HDL-C (%)	-18%	-13%	-13%	N/A

89bio • EFX data are reported from the 16-week phase 2a BALANCED trial Note: All data regarding third-party molecules on this slide are based on third-party studies and not our own. Conclusions on this slide are not based on head-to-head results

Phase 2b (ENLIVEN) NASH Trial Design



The primary analysis will include patients who met histologic entry criteria [F2/F3 patients and NAS≥4] based on the three-panel consensus read of biopsies at baseline. This three-panel consensus read was instituted after receipt of cohort 7 data prior to which biopsy entry criteria was based on a single reader

89bio *Some placebo patients will be re-randomized in the extension phase to receive pegozafermin

Key Readthroughs to ENLIVEN Trial Based on Recent Events



Trial design helps reduce/minimize variability

- Large sample size provides robust powering on key dosing arms
- Three-panel consensus reading methodology for baseline and end of treatment biopsies to minimize reader variability

Positive histology results from competitive trials de-risk ENLIVEN study

- Similar geography (N. America), biopsy timepoint and expected patient population to FGF21 HARMONY trial
- Comparable or superior non-invasive data relative to the resmetirom phase 2 trial that translated into positive results in the MAESTRO NASH phase 3 trial

Dose selection optimizes probability of success

- Doses selected based on concentration response analyses
- High dose PGZ (27mg QW) performed similar to high dose EFX (50mg QW) on all key non-invasive markers

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Opportunity in Severe Hypertriglyceridemia (SHTG)





Pegozafermin Could Offer an Important New Treatment Option for SHTG

Large growing patient population with significant health risks; overlap with NASH patient population

- Increasing TG levels increase risk of acute pancreatitis, cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality
- Emerging evidence of the cardiovascular (CV) benefit associated with TG reduction in patients with CV risk factors

Significant market opportunity for agent with broad metabolic benefits

- Pegozafermin has a unique selling proposition that is meaningful to prescribers more effective triglyceride reduction with improvements in liver fat and glycemic control measures
- Highly differentiated from approved therapies based on superior broad efficacy and/or safety
- Analyst consensus peak year sales estimated to be greater than \$1 billion (US only)

Clinical program substantially de-risked

- Phase 3 design similar to highly positive Phase 2 (ENTRIGUE) design with same primary endpoint
- · Agency provided feedback to company on key elements of regulatory path to approval

SHTG program is synergistic with the NASH program

- · Development: Leverages safety database across the two programs to minimize spend across total program
- · Commercial: Leverage sales force and infrastructure costs given common call points

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ENtrigue – Phase 2 SHTG Trial Design



Magnetic Resonance Imaging – Proton Density Fat Fraction QW, once-weekly; Q2W, once every two weeks. Safety analysis set, n=85 (patients who received at least 1 dose) Full analysis set, n=82 (patients with at least 1 post-baseline TG assessment) MRI analysis set n=23 (patients with baseline and end of treatment MRIs)



KEY INCLUSION CRITERIA

- TG ≥500mg/dL and ≤2,000mg/dL
- Background therapy: statins and/or prescription fish oil and/or fibrates OR none

PRIMARY ENDPOINT

Primary endpoint: % Change in TGs from baseline

KEY SECONDARY ENDPOINTS

- Lipids: non-HDL-C, HDL-C, Apo-B
- Liver fat (MRI-PDFF)
- Glycemic control

Pegozafermin Significantly Reduces Triglycerides Across All Dose Groups Primary Endpoint





Pegozafermin Shows Significant Decrease in Triglycerides on Top of Background Therapy



Median % Change in Triglycerides from Baseline at Week 8

89bio Background therapy defined as concomitant lipid-modifying therapy Full Analysis Set

Pegozafermin Shows Significant Decrease in Triglycerides at Different Threshold Levels

A. Responders (< 500 mg/dL)

B. TG Normalization (<150mg/dL, <200mg/dL)

C. TG Reduction ≥50% from baseline







Analysis via unstratified Chi-square Test comparing the individual PGZ groups vs placebo. * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p<0.001 vs. placebo TG Responders defined as patients who achieve TG <500 mg/dL Full Analysis Set

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Clinically Meaningful Improvements in Non-HDL-C and Apo-B – Key Marker of CV Risk







Pegozafermin Demonstrated Significant Reduction in Liver Fat Liver Fat Is an Important Potentiator of CV Risk



HIGH RESPONDER RATES

- ≥30% Reduction in liver fat: 88% vs 0% in placebo
- ≥50% Reduction in liver fat: 41% vs 0% in placebo
- Normalized liver fat: 24% vs 0% in placebo

Pegozafermin (n=17) and Placebo (n=6)

Post-hoc analysis of patients with follow-up MRI-PDFF s21 days from date of last dose (n=14) resulted in 25% of patients with mean relative reductions of 230% and 250% from baseline, respectively.

Post-hoc analysis of patients with follow-up MRI-PDFF ≤21 days from date of last dose in 27mg QW cohort (n=5) demonstrated a 63% mean relative reduction from baseline *p <0.05 vs. placebo

89610 MRI Analysis Set; p value vs placebo based on ANCOVA analysis

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Improvement on HbA1c that May Increase With Longer Treatment

Absolute Change in HbA1c at Week 8



89bio Full analysis set; MMRM analysis

Absolute change in HbA1c in 20-week NASH study



Study BIO89-100-002; Cohort 7: n=10 at PGZ 27 mg QW HbA1c: Baseline: 7.3%; Week 20: 6.4% Patients with baseline HbA1c ≥6.5% were on an average of 2 anti-diabetic medications. *p<0.05; **p<0.01; ***p<0.001. p value for change from baseline based on MMRM analysis

Pegozafermin Demonstrated Favorable Safety/Tolerability in Phase 2 Study

- Pooled pegozafermin treatment related Adverse Events (AEs) observed in ≥7.5% of patients were:
 - Nausea (10%), diarrhea (9%) and injection site reaction (9%) vs placebo (0%)
 - All Gastrointestinal (GI) AEs were Grade 1 or 2
- No Grade 3 or higher AEs
- No treatment-related SAEs; 2 treatment-related discontinuations at 27mg QW (both Grade 2)
- No tremor or hypersensitivity AEs reported
- No adverse effects on blood pressure or heart rate

Phase 3 Program Initiation Planned in First Half of 2023

Regulatory

- FDA feedback supports advancement into Phase 3
- FDA feedback confirms key elements of the overall Phase 3 development program*
 - Primary endpoint: TG reduction from baseline (anticipated to be assessed at the 26-week timepoint)
 - Proposed doses
 - Two well-controlled Phase 3 trials in SHTG patients of one year duration will contribute to the efficacy and safety database required to support the registration package

Clinical development

Trial start-up activities underway – plan to initiate the first SHTG Phase 3 trial in 1H23

Technical Operations

• Developed new pre-filled syringe using liquid formulation for use in planned Phase 3 SHTG trial in 1H23

*Finalizing details of the pivotal studies as well as the composition of the safety database; final protocol subject to FDA approval

SHTG Represents a Large Population with High Unmet Need



Co-morbidity	Prevalence in SHTG population
Fatty Liver Disease (NAFLD)	Up to 100%
Type 2 diabetes/Prediabetes	Up to 70%
Dyslipidemia	Up to 65%

Pegozafermin profile is unique and compelling to physicians because of potential for metabolic benefits

Pegozafermin Delivers on Key Attributes for Successful SHTG Therapy

MINOR INFLUENCE		MODEST INFLUENCE		MAJOR INFLUENC
	Hier	archy of Attributes for SHTG	Therapy	
			-	•
RoA/Dosing	Clinical Outcomes	Safety/Tolerability	Metabolic Endpoints	TG Endpoints
 RoA and dosing w seen as the least influential given familiarity with 	 Physicians noted that clinical outcomes are not required to drive utilization in SHTG 	 Safety and tolerability have a lesser impact on treatment decisions compared to efficacy 	 Metabolic endpoints were viewed as additive benefits 	 TG lowering is the mos influential endpoint to drive utilization
injectables in T2D	Physicians were receptive to using TG as a surrogate endpoint	compared to enicaty	 Fatty liver, HbA1c, and weight loss serve as differentiators 	 Significant efficacy improvement over SoC will drive utilization
		 Generally well- tolerated 	 43% mean relative reduction in liver fat¹ 	 63% reduction in TG from baseline²
			 0.4% absolute reduction in HbA1c² 	 80% of subjects achieved
			Physician Enthusiasm for Metabolic Endpoints	TG<500mg/dL ¹
			\square	
¹ Pooled pegozafer ² 27mg pegozafer	ermin data at week 8 min data at week 8		Liver fat reduction Decrease in HbA1	c 3
NOIO RoA: Route of Ad Source: Physician	Iministration. http://www.clearView.Analysis. 2022.		PEGOZAFERMIN ATTRIBUTES	S

Pegozafermin Profile Supports Utilization Over Current SoC and Future Competitive Agents

	IN DEVELO	OPMENT	APPROVED			
	Pegozafermin	АРОСЗ	APOC3 Potential	Prescriptic	Prescription Fish Oils	
	Potential	Potential		Vascepa	Lovaza	Statills
Triglyceride reduction	111	VV	~~	~	~~	~~
Liver fat reduction	✓	-	Worsens liver fat	-		-
Insulin sensitizing	√	-	-	-	-	-
Apo-B lowering	✓	√	-	\checkmark	-	√
ALT lowering	~	Transaminase elevations observed	Monitor ALT	-	May require ALT monitoring	Monitor ALT

For triglyceride reduction: $\sqrt{\sqrt{4}} = \ge 60\%$, $\sqrt{4} = 31\%$ -59%, $\sqrt{4} = \le 30\%$ — No effect/Not reported

Sources: Feingold KR. Triglyceride Lowering Drugs. [Updated 2021 Apr 1]. In: Feingold KR, Anawalt B, Boyce A, et al., editors. Prescribing information. Corporate presentations. Note: All data regarding third-party molecules on this slide are based on third-party studies, which are in different stages of development, and not our own. Conclusions on this slide are company estimates and are not based on head-to-head results.

Significant Peak Sales Opportunity for Pegozafermin in SHTG



Financial Position Summary

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments ~\$191.3M pro forma¹ cash as of Dec 31, 2022 and up to \$100M credit facility²

8960 ¹ Pro forma cash includes \$25 million drawn under the K2 HealthVentures credit facility net of \$20 million repaid under the SVB term loan facility ² \$25 million of credit facility drawn at closing; remainder subject to achievement of clinical/regulatory milestones and/or lender approval

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Severe Hypertriglyceridemia (SHTG) – Phase 3 initiation planned in 1H23

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Strong cash position with experienced team

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Experienced Management Team Positions 89bio for Success



Pegozafermin Exhibits Highly Potent FGF Receptor Agonism



Pegozafermin has the potential to reproduce the beneficial metabolic effects of native FGF21

	FGF21	Pegozafermin
DECEDITOR	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)
RECEPTOR	Mean ± S.D.	Mean ± S.D.
KLB	nd	nd
KLB/FGFR1	4.5 ± 1.0	0.3 ± 0.07
KLB/FGFR2	4.5 ± 0.9	1.1 ± 0.4
KLB/FGFR3	1.8 ± 0.3	1.2 ± 0.4
KLB/FGFR4	nd	nd

nd – not determined; rhFGF19 EC₅₀ at FGFR4 = 1.7 ± 0.4

89bio ** Receptor agonism measured in L6 cells expressing β-klotho and either FGF Receptor 1c, 2c, 3c, or 4 via pERK functional assay ** Figures represent data from a single experiment; Table represents mean data from multiple experiments

NASH Phase 1b/2a Trial Baseline Characteristics: Consistent Across Cohorts

Parameter Mean or %	Cohorts 1-6 (n=81)	Cohort 7 (n=20)
Age (years)	51.9	58.4
Female	61.7%	75.0%
Weight (kg)	93.6	104.6
BMI (kg/m²)	34.6	37.0
Type 2 Diabetes	45.7%	85.0%
% F2 / % F3	N/A	35% / 65%
NAS	N/A	5.3
MRI-PDFF (%)	21.3	21.1
ALT (U/L)	41.5	47.1
AST (U/L)	31.0	36.1
Pro-C3 (ng/mL)	11.9	19.3
VCTE (kPA)	7.3	14.3
Triglycerides (mg/dL)	174.3	170.0

89bio N/A: Not applicable

Baseline Characteristics – Putative NASH F4 Fibrosis Patients in Cohort 7

Parameter Mean or %	Patients with putative F4 fibrosis (n=6)
Age (years)	60.9
Female	100%
Weight (kg)	92.0
BMI (kg/m ²)	33.9
Type 2 Diabetes (%)	83
MRI-PDFF (%)	18.25
ALT (U/L)	40.8
AST (U/L)	34.5
Fibroscan VCTE (kPa)	18.42
HbA1c (%)	6.6
Triglycerides (mg/dL)	161.1
Albumin (g/dL)	4.33
Platelets (x10 ³ /µL)	188

8960 *Patients assessed with F4 fibrosis by 2+ panel pathologists.

Baseline Characteristics (ENTRIGUE) Represents an Advanced Population at High Risk for CV Disease

Parameter Mean or %	Placebo (n=18)	PGZ Pooled (n=67)	PGZ 9mg QW (n=16)	PGZ 18mg QW (n=17)	PGZ 27mg QW (n=18)	PGZ 36mg Q2W (n=16)	Total (n=85)
Age (years)	57.5	52.7	54.6	49.2	53.9	53.1	53.7
Male (%)	66.7	77.6	68.8	82.4	72.2	87.5	75.3
BMI (kg/m2)	33.1	33.1	32.9	32.3	34.2	32.9	33.1
Type 2 Diabetes (%)	61.1	47.8	56.3	35.3	55.6	43.8	50.6
TG (mg/dL)	720	736	722	709	680	840	733
Non-HDL-C (mg/dL)	220	209	216	203	203	215	211
HDL-C (mg/dL)	28	28	31	27	31	25	28
LDL-C (mg/dL)	88	89	92	88	97	80	89
Apo-B (mg/dL)	116	115	120	115	119	106	115
HbA1c ≥6.5% (%)	38.9	44.8	56.3	35.3	50.0	37.5	43.5
ALT (U/L)	29.1	33.9	36.3	36.9	33.0	29.2	32.8
Liver Fat Content (%) (n=24)	16.5 [n=6]	21.3 [n=18]	19.8 [n=3]	18.0 [n=5]	22.4 [n=7]	25.5 [n=3]	20.1 _[n=24]

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Baseline Characteristics (ENTRIGUE): Approximately 50% on Background Therapy Represents Real World Setting

	Placebo (n=18)	PGZ Pooled (n=67)	PGZ 9mg QW (n=16)	PGZ 18mg QW (n=17)	PGZ 27mg QW (n=18)	PGZ 36mg Q2W (n=16)	Total (n=85)
Any background therapy	61%	54%	50%	53%	61%	50%	55%
Statin*	50%	43%	38%	53%	39%	44%	45%
Prescription fish oil	11%	15%	6%	12%	22%	19%	14%
Fibrates	17%	5%	0	0	17%	0	7%
Other	6%	13%	13%	18%	11%	13%	12%

Patients may be on > 1 lipid-modifying therapy

Background therapy defined as concomitant lipid-modifying therapy

* 55% of statin use was high intensity statin

89bio other includes bempedoic acid, ezetimibe alone and ezetimibe as ingredient in combination

Pegozafermin Showed Significant Decrease in Triglycerides on Top of Statins, Prescription Fish Oils and Fibrates (ENTRIGUE)



89bio Background therapy defined as concomitant lipid-modifying therapy Full Analysis Set

Pegozafermin Significantly Reduces Apolipoprotein C3 Levels (ENTRIGUE)

